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CLAIMS

- A computer system in which a plurality of host 3
- computers and a plurality of other devices are 4
- interconnected by SCSI (Small Computer System Interface), 5
- 6 comprising:
- means for, when one of said host computers has a device 7
- ID identical to a device ID of one of said other devices, 8
- and a terminal power of said one of said host computers is
- 9 10 10 active, inputting a reset signal to a SCSI control bus reset
 - input of said one of said other devices.

- The computer system of claim 1, wherein said reset
- 11 12 13 14 15 signal inputting means comprises an AND gate receiving at
 - least said terminal power of said one of said host
 - computers, and an OR gate having a first input receiving the 16
 - output of said AND gate, and a second input receiving a 17
 - reset signal of a SCSI bus. 18

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The computer system of claim 2, further comprising a 20 latch circuit arranged between said AND gate and said OR

- qate, and wherein said reset signal is continuously supplied
- 2 by said latch circuit.

- 4 4. The computer system of claim 1, wherein said other
- 5 devices comprise hard disk drives.

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- 7 5. A bus interface for the SCSI standard to which a
- 8 plurality of host computers and a plurality of other devices
- 9 are connected, comprising:

10 means for, when a device ID of one of said host

- 11 computers is identical to a device ID of one of said other
- 12 devices, and a terminal power of said one of said host
- 13 computers is active, outputting a reset signal to a reset
- 14 terminal of said bus interface connected to said one of said
- 15 other devices.

- 17 6. The bus interface of claim 5, further comprising:
- an AND gate receiving at least said terminal power of
- 19 said one of said host computers, and an OR gate having a
- 20 first input receiving the output of said AND gate, and a second input receiving a reset signal of a SCSI bus.

- The bus interface of claim 6, wherein a latch circuit 2 7.
- is arranged between said AND gate and said OR gate, and said 3
- reset signal is continuously supplied by said latch circuit. 4

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- A method for controlling a bus interface conforming to 6
- the SCSI standard to which a plurality of host computers and 7
- a plurality of other devices are connected, comprising: 8
- determining whether a terminal power of one of said
- 5 9 5 10 5 11 7 12 host computers is active when a device ID of said one of
 - said host computers is identical to a device ID of one of
 - said other devices; and
- 13 14 14 15 outputting a reset signal to a reset terminal of said
 - bus interface connected to said one of said other devices
 - when said terminal power is active.

- 17 The method of claim 8, wherein said terminal power of
- 18 said one of said host computers is input to an AND gate, the
- output of said AND gate is input to one input of an OR gate 19
- via a latch circuit, a signal from a reset control bus of 20 said bus interface is input to another input of said OR

- gate, and the output of said OR gate is continuously 1
- supplied to a reset input of said one of said other devices. 2

- The method of claim 8, wherein said other devices are 4
- hard disk drives. 5

- 7 The method of claim 8, further comprising said one of
- said other devices disengaging from the bus interface upon 8
- receiving the reset signal.

- The method of claim 8, wherein said other devices are
- 9 0 10 11 0 11 selected from the list consisting of hard-disk drives, CD-ROM
- 13 14 15 drives, WORM drives, and Bernoulli Drives.

- 13. A system for controlling a bus interface conforming to
- the SCSI standard and to which a plurality of host computers 16
- 17 and other devices are connected, the system comprising:
- 18 a first host computer operating on a bus interface
- conforming to the SCSI standard and having a first device ID; 19
- a host power terminal configured to provide power to the 20 first host computer;

a device having a second device ID, the device 1 configured to receive a reset signal and thereby disengage 2 from the bus interface; and 3 a conflict resolution module configured to provide a 4 reset signal to the device having a second device ID upon 5 receiving notice of a conflict between the first device ID 6 and the second device ID and after determining that the first 7 8 host computer is receiving power from the host power 9 0 10 10 11 0 terminal. The system of claim 13, wherein the conflict resolution **L** 12 module comprises: 13 an AND gate configured to receive a first and second terminal power signal and thereby provide a powered state signal; a latch configured to receive the powered state signal 16 and thereby provide a powered signal that is persistent; and 17

an OR gate configured to receive a reset input and to

receive the powered signal that is persistent and in return,

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provide the reset signal.

- The system of claim 13, wherein the conflict resolution 1
- module is operably connected to the host power terminal. 2
- The system of claim 15, wherein the conflict resolution 3
- module is configured to activate the reset signal when the 4
- host computer is in a powered state. 5

- 7 The system of claim 13, wherein the device is selected
- from the list consisting of hard-disk drives, CD-ROM drives, 8
- WORM drives, and Bernoulli Drives.

- The system of claim 13, further comprising a second host
- computer operating on the bus interface conforming to the
- SCSI standard and having a third device ID, the second host
- computer being connected to the bus interface subsequent to
- the first host computer.

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